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UNITED COUNCIL
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**Geriatric Neurology
 Program Requirements**

2019 Revision Draft 7

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Geriatric Neurology Program Requirements

The common program requirements are standards required of accredited programs in all UCNS subspecialties. They are shown in **bold** typeface below. Requirements in regular typeface are defined by each subspecialty.

I. Introduction

A. Geriatric Neurology is defined by its expertise in the diagnosis, treatment, and care of neurological conditions that affect older individuals and by its unique body of knowledge regarding the aging nervous system, its vulnerability to specific neurological disorders, and its influence on the prevalence and expression of neurological disease. Neurologists are called with increasing frequency to provide care for older adults. As the number of elderly in the population increases, there will be a concomitant increase in the prevalence of acute and chronic neurological disorders associated with advancing age. Through training fellowships, the neurological community will endeavor to master, codify, and transfer the knowledge and skills to effectively care for the elderly with neurological disorders.

B. Purpose of the Training Program

- 1. The purpose of the training program is to prepare the physician for independent practice in Geriatric Neurology. This training must be based on supervised clinical work with increasing patient care responsibilities and transition to independent practice over the course of the training program.**
- 2. The program must require its fellows to obtain competencies in the six core competency areas defined by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME). It is the responsibility of the program to provide precise definitions of specific knowledge, skills, and behaviors, as well as educational opportunities in which the fellow must demonstrate competence in those areas. The program's curricular goals and objectives must correlate to the appropriate ACGME Core Competencies and global learning objectives.**

C. Maximizing success in clinical care of the elderly requires specialized expertise in Geriatric Neurology. This includes the ability to work and communicate effectively with other health care providers and an understanding of current research regarding the clinical and scientific basis of aging and age-related neurological dysfunction. The goal of a fellowship program in Geriatric Neurology is the training of neurologists equipped with the knowledge, skills, and clinical competence to diagnose, treat, manage, and rehabilitate aged persons with neurological dysfunction. The Geriatric Neurology knowledge base and skill set build upon the foundation provided by general neurology residency training.

The overall objective for subspecialty training in Geriatric Neurology is to provide the knowledge, skills, and attitudes most conducive to meet the following goals. To:

3. provide high-quality clinical care suited to the special needs of the elderly with neurological disorders, including screening, diagnostic cognitive and functional evaluation, treatment, management, supportive counseling, psycho-social intervention, palliative, and appropriate end-of-life care,
4. work effectively with multi/interdisciplinary teams oriented to the care of the elderly, and
5. become leaders in clinical, educational, academic, and research arenas in Geriatric Neurology.

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II. Institutional Support

There are three types of institutions that may comprise a program: 1) the sponsoring institution, which assumes ultimate responsibility for the program and is required of all programs, 2) the primary institution, which is the primary clinical training site and may or may not be the sponsoring institution, and 3) the participating institution, which provides required experience that cannot be obtained at the primary or sponsoring institutions.

A. Sponsoring Institution

1. The sponsoring institution must be accredited by the ACGME or Canadian Excellence in Residency Accreditation (CanERA), formerly the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC), and meet the current ACGME Institutional Requirements or CanERA General Standards of Accreditation for Institutions with Residency Programs. This responsibility extends to fellow assignments at all primary and participating institutions. The sponsoring institution must be appropriately organized for the conduct of graduate medical education (GME) in a scholarly environment and must be committed to excellence in both medical education and patient care.
2. A letter demonstrating the sponsoring institution’s responsibility for the program must be submitted. The letter must:
 - a. confirm sponsorship and oversight of the training program’s GME activities,
 - b. state the sponsoring institution’s commitment to training and education, which includes the resources provided by the sponsoring institution, the primary institution, and/or the departments that support the program director’s fulfillment of his or her duties as described in these program requirements, and
 - c. be signed by the designated institution official of the institution as defined by ACGME or postgraduate dean as defined by CanERA.
3. Institutional support and oversight are further demonstrated by the required designated institution official/postgraduate dean signature on all program accreditation and reaccreditation applications and annual report submissions.

B. Primary Institution

1. Assignments at the primary institution must be of sufficient duration to ensure a quality educational experience and must provide sufficient opportunity for continuity of care. The primary institution must demonstrate the ability to promote the overall program goals and support educational and peer activities.
2. A letter from the appropriate department chair(s) at the primary institution must be submitted. The letter must:
 - a. confirm the relationship of the primary institution to the program,
 - b. state the primary institution’s commitment to training and education, and
 - c. list specific activities that will be undertaken, supported, and supervised at the primary institution.

C. Participating Institutions

1. Assignments to participating institutions must be based on a clear educational rationale, must have clearly stated learning objectives and activities, and should provide resources not otherwise available to the program. When multiple participating institutions are used, there should be assurance of the continuity of the educational experience.

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2. Assignments at participating institutions must be of sufficient duration to ensure a quality educational experience and should provide sufficient opportunity for continuity of care. All participating institutions must demonstrate the ability to promote the overall program goals and support educational and peer activities.
 3. If a participating institution is used, a participating institution letter must be submitted. The letter must:
 - a. confirm the relationship of the participating institution to the program,
 - b. state the participating institution's commitment to training and education,
 - c. list specific activities that will be undertaken, supported, and supervised at the participating institution, and
 - d. be signed by the appropriate official, e.g., department chair or medical director, or center director of the participating institution.

145 **III. Facilities and Resources**

- 146 **A. Each program must demonstrate that it possesses the facilities and resources**
147 **necessary to support a quality educational experience.**
- 148 1. Additional professional, technical, and administrative personnel must be provided
149 to adequately support the fellowship training program in attaining its educational
150 and administrative goals.
 - 151 2. In programs not situated in a department of neurology, evidence must be
152 provided that demonstrates fellows have access to neurological services [defined
153 by the Subspecialty].
 - 154 3. There must be adequate support of trainees for all clinical activities present in the
155 program, which may include including:
 - 156 a. inpatient and outpatient facilities,
 - 157 b. examination rooms,
 - 158 c. documentation areas,
 - 159 d. laboratory facilities including clinical-pathological, electrophysiological, and
160 imaging.
 - 161 4. There must be adequate support of fellows for all scholarly activities including:
 - 162 a. research guidance,
 - 163 b. technical support,
 - 164 c. library and internet availability,
 - 165 d. statistical consultation,
 - 166 e. computer resources,
 - 167 f. laboratory space, equipment, and time.

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169 **IV. Faculty**

170 **The faculty of accredited programs consists of: 1) the program director, 2) core faculty,**
171 **and 3) other faculty. Core faculty are physicians who oversee clinical training in the**
172 **subspecialty. The program director is considered a core faculty member when determining**
173 **the fellow complement. Other faculty are physicians and other professionals determined**
174 **by the Subspecialty to be necessary to deliver the program curriculum. The program**
175 **director and faculty are responsible for the general administration of the program and for**
176 **the establishment and maintenance of a stable educational environment. Adequate**
177 **durations of appointments for the program director and core faculty members are**
178 **essential for maintaining such an environment. The duration of appointment for the**
179 **program director must provide for continuity of leadership.**

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181 **A. Program Director Qualifications**

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1. There must be a single program director responsible for the program. The person designated with this authority is accountable for the operation of the program and he or she should be a member of the faculty or medical staff of the primary institution.
 2. The program director must:
 - a. possess requisite specialty expertise as well as documented educational and administrative abilities and experience in his or her field,
 - b. be certified by the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS), RCPSC, [American Osteopathic Association \(AOA\)](#), or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC) in neurology,
 - c. possess a current, valid, unrestricted, and unqualified license to practice medicine in the state or province of the program, and
 - d. be certified, and maintain certification, in Geriatric Neurology by the UCNS.
 - i. New programs without a certified program director may apply for accreditation, as long as the application contains an attestation that the program director will become certified at the next available opportunity, which includes certification through the UCNS faculty diplomate pathway. The attestation must contain a statement that the program understands that should the program director fail to achieve certification, the program must immediately submit a program change request appointing an appropriately qualified program director.
 - ii. Because certification in the subspecialty is not offered, program directors of Geriatric Neurology programs must:
 - a) possess a public-facing track record of peer-reviewed publications or book chapters and reviews demonstrating that the program director has expertise in Geriatric Neurology,
 - b) demonstrate through evidence from clinical practice sufficient experience diagnosing and managing patients in the field of Geriatric Neurology, and
 - c) demonstrate sufficient experience in the preceding 36 months in the most current aspects of the field that may include giving or participating in continuing medical education courses, participating in research as an investigator, serving on advisory councils for research projects or grant review, and/or completion of AMA PRA Category 1 Credit™ continuing medical education courses that are directly relevant to the science or practice of Geriatric Neurology.

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B. Program Director Responsibilities

1. The program director must:
 - a. oversee and organize the activities of the educational program in all institutions participating in the program including selecting and supervising the faculty and other program personnel at each institution, and monitoring appropriate fellow supervision and evaluation at all institutions used by the program,
 - b. prepare accurate statistical and narrative descriptions of the program as requested by the UCNS as well as update the program and fellow records annually,
 - c. ensure the implementation of fair policies and procedures, as established by the sponsoring institution, to address fellow grievances and due process in compliance with the ACGME's or CanERA's institutional requirements,
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- 232 d. monitor fellow stress, including mental or emotional conditions inhibiting
233 performance or learning, and drug- or alcohol-related dysfunction,
234 e. obtain prior approval of the UCNS for changes in the program that may
235 significantly alter the educational experience of the fellows. Upon review of a
236 proposal for a program change, the UCNS may determine that additional
237 oversight or a site visit is necessary. Examples of changes that must be
238 reported include:
239 1) change in the program director,
240 2) the addition or deletion of sponsoring, primary, or participating
241 institution(s),
242 3) change in the number of approved fellows, and
243 4) change in the format of the educational program, and
244 f. ensure that the clinical experience meets the minimum curriculum guidelines of
245 the fellowship and maintain accurate program and fellowship records.
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247 **C. Core Faculty Qualifications**

248 **1. Each core faculty member must:**

- 249 a. possess requisite specialty expertise as well as documented educational and
250 administrative abilities and experience in his or her field,
251 b. be currently certified by the ABMS, RCPSC, [AOA](#), or CFPC in neurology,
252 c. possess a current, valid, unrestricted, and unqualified license to practice
253 medicine in the state or province of the program, and
254 d. be appointed in good standing to the faculty of an institution participating in
255 the program.

256 **2. The core faculty must include at least one neurologist. The neurologist may also
257 be the program director.**
258

259 **D. Core Faculty Responsibilities**

260 **1. There must be a sufficient number of core faculty members with documented
261 qualifications at each institution participating in the program to instruct and
262 adequately supervise all fellows in the program.**

263 **2. Core faculty members must:**

- 264 a. devote sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory
265 and teaching responsibilities,
266 b. evaluate the fellows they supervise in a timely manner, and
267 c. demonstrate a strong interest in the education of fellows, demonstrate
268 competence in both clinical care and teaching abilities, support the goals and
269 objectives of the educational program, and demonstrate commitment to their
270 own continuing medical education by participating in scholarly activities.
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272 **E. Other Faculty**

- 273 1. Non-neurology faculty and non-physician faculty must be appropriately qualified in
274 their fields and possess appropriate institutional appointments.
275 2. The sponsoring/primary/participating institutions must provide additional
276 professional, technical, and administrative personnel to adequately support the
277 fellowship training program in attaining its educational and administrative goals.
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279 **V. Fellow Appointment**

280 **A. Duration of Training**

281 **1.** Fellowship programs must be no less than 12 months, the entirety of which must
282 be spent in patient-oriented Geriatric Neurology education. At least 80% of the
283 fellow's time must be spent in supervised training activities in the practice of
284 Geriatric Neurology, including didactic and clinical education specific to the
285 subspecialty, electives, and scholarly activities. Clinical research could include all
286 aspects of patient-oriented, patient-facing research activities. Routine, per-protocol
287 activities such as periodic neurological examinations that are part of a clinical trial
288 that involve little or no medical decision-making would not be considered to meet
289 the intent of this requirement.

290 **1.2. Flexible Fellowships**

291 **a.** Programs may offer flexible fellowships for a variety of reasons, including, but
292 not limited to: combined clinical/research fellowships or to allow fellows
293 opportunities for work/life balance. Programs that combine clinical and
294 research training (clinician-scientist fellowship program) may be up to 36
295 months in duration for a one-year program and 48 months for a two-year
296 program. At least 12 full months of this extended-program period must be
297 spent in patient-oriented Geriatric Neurology clinical, educational, and
298 scholarly activity, the distribution of which across this extended period is at
299 the program's discretion.

300 ~~1. Fellowship training in Geriatric Neurology must be comprised of at least 12 months~~
301 ~~(and not exceed 36 months) of education subsequent to satisfactory completion of~~
302 ~~an ACGME or RCPSC accredited residency.~~

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304 **B. Fellow Eligibility**

- 305 1. The fellow must possess a current valid and unrestricted license to practice
306 medicine in the United States or its territories or Canada.
307 2. The fellow must be a graduate of a residency program in neurology accredited by
308 the ACGME, RCPSC, or CanERA.
309 3. The fellow must be board certified or eligible for certification by the ABMS, RCPSC,
310 AOA, or CFPC in neurology.

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312 **C. Fellow Complement**

313 The fellow complement is the number of fellows allowed to be enrolled in the
314 program at any given time, e.g., across all training years.

- 315 1. There must be at least 1 core faculty member for every 2 fellows.

316
317 **D. Appointment of Fellows and Other Students**

318 **a.** The appointment of fellows who do not meet the eligibility criteria above must
319 not dilute or detract from the educational opportunities of regularly appointed
320 Geriatric Neurology fellows. Programs must include these fellows in all reports
321 submitted to UCNS to demonstrate compliance with the approved fellow
322 complement. Fellows who are enrolled without meeting the eligibility criteria
323 must be notified that they may not apply for UCNS certification examinations as
324 graduates of an accredited program.

325
326 **VI. Educational Program**

327 **A. Role of the Program Director and Faculty**

- 328 1. The program director, with assistance of the faculty, is responsible for developing
329 and implementing the academic and clinical program of fellow education by:

- 330 a. preparing a written statement to be distributed to fellows and faculty and
331 reviewed with fellows prior to assignment, which outlines the educational
332 goals and objectives of the program with respect to the knowledge, skills, and
333 other attributes to be demonstrated by fellows for the entire fellowship and
334 on each major assignment and each level of the program,
335 b. preparing and implementing a comprehensive, well-organized, and effective
336 curriculum, both academic and clinical, which includes the presentation of
337 core specialty knowledge supplemented by the addition of current
338 information, and
339 c. providing fellows with direct experience in progressive responsibility for
340 patient management.

341
342 **B. Competencies**

- 343 1. A fellowship program must require that its fellows obtain competence in the
344 AGCME Core Competencies to the level expected of a new practitioner in the
345 subspecialty. Programs must define the specific and unique learning objectives in
346 the area including the knowledge, skills, and behaviors required and provide
347 educational experiences as needed in order for their fellows to demonstrate the
348 core competencies.
349 2. The program must use the ACGME Core Competencies to develop competency-
350 based goals and objectives for all educational experiences during the period of
351 fellowship training in [Subspecialty].
352

353 **C. Didactic Components**

- 354 1. The program must include structured, fellow-specific educational experiences such
355 as rounds, conferences, case presentations, lectures, and seminars that
356 complement the clinical and self-directed educational opportunities. Together,
357 various educational experiences must facilitate the fellow's mastery of the core
358 content areas and foster the competencies as described above.
359 2. The educational program will be based upon the approved *Geriatric Neurology Core*
360 ~~Content~~*Curriculum*. The core ~~content~~*curriculum* must be included in all training
361 programs; however, each center may offer additional experiences consistent with
362 their unique settings and opportunities.
363 3. The program must include structured educational experiences such as rounds,
364 conferences, case presentations, lectures and seminars that complement the clinical
365 and self-directed educational opportunities. Together, various educational
366 experiences must facilitate the fellow's mastery of the core content areas and foster
367 the competencies as described above.
368 4. The program director, in consultation with the faculty, will assist the fellow in
369 establishing self-learning activities and means of assessment. Self-learning activities
370 may include review of recommended by recommending types and content of
371 supplemental educational materials, such as textbooks, peer-reviewed journal
372 articles, and relevant web-based training.
373 5. The program director must provide details of the educational methods by which the
374 *Geriatric Neurology Core Content* will be delivered.
375

376 **D. Clinical Components**

- 377 1. The fellow's clinical experience must be spent in supervised activities related to
378 the care of patients with aging and age related neurological function in clinical or
379 research contexts ~~aging and age related neurological function~~. Clinical experiences

- 380 **may include all training relevant to Geriatric Neurology, including lectures and**
381 **individual didactic experiences and journal clubs emphasizing clinical matters.**
382 2. Due to the diverse clinical needs of patients, the Geriatric Neurology training
383 program must also provide a diverse clinical setting for instruction. These settings
384 may include, but are not limited to:
385 a. outpatient consultative and continuity clinics,
386 a-b. clinical research clinics (but excluding pharmaceutical clinical trials)
387 b-c. inpatient acute or subacute/chronic care experiences and consultation,
388 c-d. emergency room experiences, and
389 d-e. home care.
390 3. The selection of the types and combination of clinical care settings is at the
391 discretion of the director of the training program, the sponsoring facility, and
392 participating institutions.
393 4. The program director must have educational rationale for all clinical experiences.
394 Specifically, rationale must address how rotations meet the requirements as they
395 relate to the interdisciplinary nature of the subspecialty.
396 4.5. The fellow's clinical experience should be geared to increasing knowledge,
397 increasing interpersonal skills needed for patient care in Geriatric Neurology, and
398 for promoting independence as a clinician.

400 E. Scholarly Activities

- 401 1. **The responsibility for establishing and maintaining an environment of inquiry and**
402 **scholarship rests with the faculty. Both faculty and fellows must participate**
403 **actively in some form of scholarly activity. Scholarship is defined as activities**
404 **unrelated to the specific care of patients, which includes scholarship pertaining to**
405 **research, writing review papers, giving research-based lectures and participating**
406 **in research-oriented journal clubs.**
407 2. **There must be adequate resources for scholarly activities for faculty and fellows,**
408 **e.g., sufficient laboratory space, equipment, computer services for data analysis,**
409 **and statistical consultation services.**

411 F. Fellow Supervision, Clinical Experience and Education, and Well-Being

412 **Providing fellows with a sound academic and clinical education must be carefully**
413 **planned and balanced with concerns for patient safety and fellow well-being. Each**
414 **program must ensure that the learning objectives of the program are not**
415 **compromised by excessive reliance on fellows to fulfill service obligations. Didactic**
416 **and clinical education defined by the program requirements must have priority in the**
417 **allotment of a fellow's time and energy.**

418 1. Fellow Supervision

- 419 a. **All patient care required by the program requirements must be supervised by**
420 **qualified faculty. The program director must ensure, direct, and document**
421 **adequate supervision of fellows at all times. Fellows must be provided with**
422 **rapid, reliable systems for communicating with supervising faculty.**
423 b. **Faculty schedules must be structured to provide fellows with continuous**
424 **supervision and consultation.**
425 c. **Faculty and fellows must be educated about and meet ACGME or CanERA**
426 **requirements concerning faculty and fellow well-being and fatigue mitigation.**

427 2. Clinical Experience and Education and Well-Being

- 428 a. **Clinical assignments must recognize that the faculty and fellows collectively**
429 **have responsibility for the safety and welfare of patients. Fellow clinical**

430 experience and education supervision, and accountability, and clinical work
431 hours, including time spent on-call, must comply with the current ACGME or
432 CanERA institutional program requirements.
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434 **VII. Evaluation**

435 **A. Fellow Evaluation**

- 436 **1. Fellow evaluation by faculty must:**
 - 437 **a. take place at least semi-annually to identify areas of weakness and strength,**
438 **which must be communicated to the fellow,**
 - 439 **b. use the subspecialty milestones to document fellow experience and**
440 **performance, and**
 - 441 **c. include the use of assessment results to achieve progressive improvements in**
442 **the fellow's competence and performance in the ACGME Core Competencies**
443 **and the subspecialty's core knowledge areas. Appropriate sources of**
444 **evaluation include faculty, patients, peers, self, and other professional staff.**
- 445 **2. The program must include a mechanism for providing regular and timely**
446 **performance feedback to fellows. Issues of unacceptable performance must be**
447 **addressed in a timely fashion and in accordance with the policies and procedures**
448 **of the sponsoring institution.**
- 449 **3. Summary and final evaluation of the fellow must:**
 - 450 **a. be prepared by the program director and should reflect the input of faculty,**
 - 451 **b. include a formative evaluation of the fellow's demonstration of learning**
452 **objectives and mastery of the ACGME Core Competencies using the**
453 **subspecialty's milestones,**
 - 454 **c. include a final, summative evaluation by the program director using the**
455 **subspecialty's milestones to document the fellow's demonstration of**
456 **sufficient competence and professional ability to practice the subspecialty**
457 **competently and independently, and**
 - 458 **d. include a statement specifically regarding the fellow's ability to practice the**
459 **subspecialty independently upon completion of the program.**
- 460 **4. The evaluation forms may vary from program-to-program, but must address the**
461 **core competencies.**
- 462 **5. Each supervisor must complete the evaluation form after every major rotation.**
463 **Evaluations from other health professionals should also be expressly sought.**
- 464 **6. The results of the evaluations must be communicated to the fellow every six months**
465 **with a face-to-face meeting with the program director; a written summary must also**
466 **be shared with the fellow and made part of the fellow's file.**
- 467 **7. Issues of unacceptable performance must be addressed in a timely fashion and in**
468 **accordance with the policies and procedures of the sponsoring institution.**

470 **B. Faculty Evaluation**

- 471 **1. The performance of faculty must be evaluated by the program director on an**
472 **annual basis.**
- 473 **2. The evaluations must include a review of their teaching abilities, commitment to**
474 **the educational program, clinical knowledge, and scholarly activities.**
- 475 **3. These evaluations must include confidential annual written evaluations by fellows.**

476 **C. Program Evaluation and Outcomes**
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1. The effectiveness of a program must be evaluated in a systematic manner. In particular, the quality of the curriculum and the extent to which the educational goals have been met must be assessed.
2. Confidential written evaluations by fellows must be utilized in this process.
3. The program will use fellow performance and outcome assessment in its evaluation of the educational effectiveness of the fellowship program. At a minimum, the fellow performance on the UCNS certification examination should be used as a measure of the effectiveness of the education provided by the training program. The development and use of clinical performance measures appropriate to the structure and content of each program is encouraged.
4. The program must have a process in place for using fellow performance and assessment results together with other program evaluation results to improve the fellowship program.